RIVERVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

2024 ANNUAL REPORT

Riverview Metropolitan District (the "District") is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado. Pursuant to §32-1-207(3)(c) and the District's Service Plan, the District is required to provide an annual report to the City of Steamboat Springs (the "City") with regard to the following matters:

For the year ending December 31, 2024, the District makes the following report:

§32-1-207(3) Statutory Requirements

1. Boundary changes made.

There were no changes to the District's boundaries during the reporting year.

2. Intergovernmental Agreements entered into or terminated with other governmental entities.

There were no intergovernmental agreements entered into or terminated with other governmental entities during the reporting year.

3. Access information to obtain a copy of rules and regulations adopted by the board.

The District did not adopt any rules and regulations as of December 31, 2024.

4. A summary of litigation involving public improvements owned by the District.

To our actual knowledge, based on review of the court records in Routt County, Colorado, and the Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER), there is no litigation involving the District's public improvements as of December 31, 2024.

5. The status of the construction of public improvements by the District.

As of December 31, 2024, all construction of public improvements has been completed.

6. A list of facilities or improvements constructed by the District that were conveyed or dedicated to the county or municipality.

The District did not dedicate any facilities or improvements in the District to the City during the reporting year.

7. The final assessed valuation of the District as of December 31st of the reporting year.

The final assessed valuation for 2024 is \$4,883,840.

8. A copy of the current year's budget.

A copy of the 2025 Budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

9. A copy of the audited financial statements, if required by the "Colorado Local Government Audit Law", part 6 of article 1 of title 29, or the application for exemption from audit, as applicable.

The 2024 Audit is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

10. Notice of any uncured defaults existing for more than ninety (90) days under any debt instrument of the District.

The District is not aware of any uncured events of default by the District that existed for more than ninety (90) days under any debt instrument of the District.

11. Any inability of the District to pay its obligations as they come due under any obligation which continues beyond a ninety (90) day period.

The District is not aware of any inability to pay its obligations as they become due under any obligation which continues beyond a ninety (90) day period.

Service Plan Requirements

1. Boundary changes made or proposed to the District's boundaries as of December 31 of the prior year.

No boundary changes were made or proposed to the District's boundaries as of December 31 of the reporting year.

2. Intergovernmental Agreements either entered into or proposed as of December 31 of the prior year.

There were no intergovernmental agreements entered into or proposed during the reporting year.

3. A summary of any litigation which involves the District Public Improvements as of December 31 of the prior year.

To our actual knowledge, based on review of the court records in Routt County, Colorado, and the Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER), there is no litigation involving the District's public improvements as of December 31, 2024.

4. Status of the District's construction of the Public Improvements as of December 31 of the prior year.

As of December 31, 2024, all construction of public improvements has been completed.

5. A list of all facilities and improvements constructed by the District that have been dedicated to and accepted by the City as of December 31 of the prior year.

The District did not dedicate any facilities or improvements in the District to the City during the reporting year.

6. The assessed valuation of the District for the current year.

The final assessed valuation for 2024 is \$5,793,150.

7. Current year budget.

A copy of the 2025 Budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit A.**

8. Audit of the District's financial statements, for the year ending December 31 of the previous year, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles or audit exemption, if applicable.

The 2024 Audit is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

EXHIBIT A 2025 Budget

RIVERVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

2025 BUDGET MESSAGE

Riverview Metropolitan District is a quasi-municipal corporation organized and operated pursuant to provisions set forth in the Colorado Special District Act. The District was established to supply the necessary services of water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, roadway, traffic and safety and park and recreation facilities to the constituents of the District.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The following budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with the basis of accounting used in presenting the District's financial statements.

2025 BUDGET STRATEGY

For 2025, the District levied a property tax mill levy of 21.018 mills dedicated to the General Fund to be used to pay the general and administrative expenses and 31.527 mills dedicated to the Debt Service for payment of bonds issued in 2021, the proceeds of which were used to finance public improvements.

Riverview Metropolitan District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes In Fund Balance

Modified Accrual Basis For the Period Indicated

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	2023	2024	Variance		YTD Thru	YTD Thru	Variance	2025	
	Audited	Adopted	Positive	2024	10/31/24	10/31/24	Positive	Adopted	
	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Forecast	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Budget	Budget Notes/Assumptions
PROPERTY TAXES									
Assessed Valuation	4,655,860	5,793,150		5,793,150				4,883,840	2025 Final AV
Mill Levy - Operations	20.000	20.819		20.819				21.018	20 Mills, Adjusted
Mill Levy - Debt Service Fund	30.000	31.228		31.228				31.527	30 Mills, Adjusted As Long as Surplus Not Depleted
Total	50.000	52.047		52.047				52.545	Total of 50 Mills, Adjusted
Property Tax Revenue - Operations	93,117	120,608		120,608				102,649	20 Mills, Adjusted
Property Tax Revenue - Debt Service Fund	139,676	180,908		180,908				153,973	30 Mills, Adjusted As Long as Surplus Not Depleted
Total	232,793	301,516	-	301,516				256,621	Total of 50 Mills, Adjusted

Modified Accrual Basis For the Period Indicated	2023	2024	Variance		YTD Thru	YTD Thru	Variance	2025	
	Audited	Adopted	Positive	2024	10/31/24	10/31/24	Positive	Adopted	
	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Forecast	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Budget	Budget Notes/Assumptions
COMBINED FUNDS	- Accuai -	Duuget	(Negative)		Actual		(Negative)	Duuget	
REVENUE									
Property taxes	232,793	301,516	_	301,516	301,516	301,516	0	256.621	Total of 50 Mills, Adjusted
State Property Tax Backfill	232,733	4,268	_	4,268	4,268	4,268	0	230,021	None Anticipated in 2025
Specific ownership taxes	16,327	18,091	_	18,091	14,163	13,568	594	15,397	6% of property taxes
Interest & Other Income	65,826	65,600	2,600	68,200	63,656	54,667	8,990	51,200	Invested Reserves at Estimated 4% Rate
TOTAL REVENUE	314,946	389,475	2,600	392,075	383,603	374,019	9,584	323,219	
	,	,	ŕ	,	•	,	,	,	
EXPENDITURES									
<u>Administration</u>									
Accounting, Audit, & Legal	36,865	46,400	(9,000)	55,400	45,705	40,067	(5,639)	59,850	
Treasurer's fees	7,071	9,045	(138)	9,184	9,198	9,045	(152)	7,699	3% of Property Taxes
Election	1,653	1,000	-	1,000	-	333	333	4,000	Assumed Cancelled
Insurance, Advertising & Other	5,788	6,100	(1,797)	7,897	6,912	5,783	(1,129)	8,500	Insurance, Advertising, Bank Fees, Misc Other
Contingency	-	35,000	35,000	-	-	29,167	29,167	35,000	For Unforeseen Needs
Operations	12,872	42,000	24,300	17,700	10,310	37,967	27,657	54,500	Utilities, Snow Plowing, Landscaping, Other
Debt Service									
Bond Interest	265,250	265,250	-	265,250	132,625	132,625	-	265,250	Per Amortization Schedule
Bond Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Per Amortization Schedule - No Pmt Until 2027
Debt Issuance Expense & Trustee Fees	6,828	6,650	-	6,650	6,321	6,208	(113)	6,050	Annual Trustee Fee
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	336,327	411,445	48,365	363,080	211,071	261,195	50,124	440,849	
REVENUE OVER / (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(21,380)	(21,971)	50,965	28,995	172,531	112,823	59,708	(117,630)	
OTHER SOURCES / (USES)									
Developer Advances(Payments)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Advances to cover shortfalls
Bond Proceeds & Premium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES / (USES)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(21,380)	(21,971)	50,965	28,995	172,531	112,823	59,708	(117,630)	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	1,321,920	1,286,630	13,910	1,300,540	1,300,540	1,286,630	13,910	1,329,535	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	1,300,540	1,264,659	64,875	1,329,535	1,473,072	1,399,453	73,618	1,211,905	
	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	
COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE									
Non-Spendable	3,458	4,410	(10)	4,400	-			4,620	Prepaid Insurance & SDA Dues
TABOR Emergency Reserve	3,160	4,341	79	4,420	4,310			4,648	3% of operating expenditures
Restricted For Debt Service	1,060,708	1,014,804	13,340	1,028,144	1,156,498			946,436	Reserve & Bond Payment Funds
Assigned for Capital Projects	105,000	105,000	-	105,000	105,000			105,000	\$105K Released from the City to be used for capital
Assigned For Next Year Budget Deficit	25,326	-	31,522	31,522	31,522			-	Assume Breakeven 2025 Budget
Unassigned	102,888	136,104	19,945	156,049	175,742			151,201	
TOTAL ENDING FUND BALANCE	1,300,540	1,264,659	64,875	1,329,535	1,473,072		•	1,211,905	

Modified Accrual Basis For the Period Indicated	2023	2024	Variance		YTD Thru	YTD Thru	Variance	2025	
	Audited	Adopted	Positive	2024	10/31/24	10/31/24	Positive	Adopted	
	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Forecast	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Budget	Budget Notes/Assumptions
GENERAL FUND									
REVENUE									
Property Taxes - Operations	93,117	120,608	-	120,608	120,608	120,608	0	102,649	20 Mills, Adjusted
State Property Tax Backfill	,	4,268	-	4,268	4,268	4,268	(0)	-	None Anticipated in 2025
Specific Ownership Taxes	6,531	7,236	-	7,236	5,665	5,427	238	6,159	6% of property taxes
Interest Income	5,530	12,600	2,600	15,200	12,884	10,500	2,384	10,200	Invested Reserves at Estimated 4% Rate
Misc. Income	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL REVENUE	105,178	144,712	2,600	147,312	143,425	140,803	2,622	119,007	
EXPENDITURES									
Administration									
Accounting	17,845	22,000	-	22,000	16,043	18,333	2,291	24,000	Based on 2024 Forecast
Audit	8,000	8,400	_	8,400	8,400	8,400	-	8,850	Per 2024 Audit Engagement Letter
Legal	11,020	16,000	(9,000)	25,000	21,263	13,333	(7,929)	27,000	Based on 2024 Forecast
Advertising	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Supplies, Bank, Bill.com	1,484	1,900	-	1,900	1,157	1,583	427	2,000	Bill.com Fees, Misc Other
Treasurer's Fees	2,828	3,618	(138)	3,756	3,756	3,618	(138)	3,079	3% of Property Taxes
Elections	1,653	1,000	- '-	1,000	· -	333	333	4,000	Assumed Cancelled
Insurance & SDA Dues	4,305	4,200	203	3,997	3,997	4,200	203	4,400	Liability Insurance & SDA dues
Website Maintenance		, _	(2,000)	2,000	1,758	-	(1,758)	2,100	Based on 2024 Forecast
Operations				,	,	-	, , ,	ŕ	
Landscaping	-	16,000	16,000	-	-	16,000	16,000	27,000	Based on 2024 Budget, Plus add'l for Constr. Damage
Snow Removal	11,813	16,000	, -	16,000	9,233	12,800	3,568	17,000	Budget High For Bigger Snow Year
Water & Sewer	-	8,000	7,500	500	179	7,333	7,154	8,400	Barely used in '24, due to construction damage
Utilities	1,060	2,000	800	1,200	898	1,833	936	2,100	Barely used in '24, due to construction damage
Capital	·	,		,		,		,	, ,
Landscaping Replacements		_	_	_		-	-	_	
Contingency									
Contingency		25,000	25,000	-		20,833	20,833	25,000	For Unforeseen Needs
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	60,007	124,118	38,365	85,753	66,683	108,602	41,918	154,929	
REVENUE OVER / (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	45,171	20,594	40,965	61,559	76,742	32,201	44,540	(35,922)	
OTHER SOURCES / (USES)									
Transfers In/(Out)	_		_	_	_	-	_	_	
Developer Advances	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Developer Repayment - Principal	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Developer Repayment - Interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES / (USES)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	45,171	20,594	40,965	61,559	76,742	32,201	44,540	(35,922)	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	194,661	229,262	10,570	239,832	239,832	229,262	10,570	301,391	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	239,832	249,856	51,535	301,391	316,574	261,463	55,111	265,469	

	2023 Audited Actual	2024 Adopted Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	2024 Forecast	YTD Thru 10/31/24 Actual	YTD Thru 10/31/24 Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	2025 Adopted Budget	Budget Notes/Assumptions
DEBT SERVICE FUND									
REVENUE									
Property Taxes	139,676	180,908	-	180,908	180,908	180,908	0		30 Mills, Adjusted As Long as Surplus Not Depleted
Specific Ownership Taxes	9,796	10,855	-	10,855	8,497	8,141	357	9,238	6% of property taxes
Interest Income	60,297	53,000	-	53,000	50,772	44,167	6,605	41,000	Invested Reserves at Estimated 4% Rate
TOTAL REVENUE	209,769	244,763	-	244,763	240,178	233,216	6,962	204,211	
EXPENDITURES									
Legal DS	-				-	-			
Treasurer's Fees	4,243	5,427	-	5,427	5,442	5,427	(15)	4,619	3% of property taxes
Bond Interest- Series 2021	265,250	265,250	-	265,250	132,625	132,625	-	265,250	Per Amortization Schedule
Bond Principal- Series 2021		-	-	-		-	-	-	Per Amortization Schedule - No Pmt Until 2027
Bank Charges	2,828	2,650	-	2,650	2,321	2,208	(113)	2,050	Approximately 5% of Interest Income
Paying Agent / Trustee Fees	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	Annual Trustee Fee
Cost of Issuance	-		-	-	-	-	-		
Contingency		10,000	10,000	-		8,333	8,333	10,000	For Unforeseen Needs
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	276,320	287,327	10,000	277,327	144,388	152,594	8,206	285,919	
REVENUE OVER / (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(66,551)	(42,564)	10,000	(32,564)	95,790	80,622	15,168	(81,708)	
OTHER SOURCES / (USES)									
Transfers In/(Out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bond Proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bond Premium	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES / (USES)	-	-	-	-		-	-		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(66,551)	(42,564)	10,000	(32,564)	95,790	80,622	15,168	(81,708)	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	1,127,259	1,057,368	3,340	1,060,708	1,060,708	1,057,368	3,340	1,028,144	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	1,060,708	1,014,804	13,340	1,028,144	1,156,498	1,137,990	18,508	946,436	
	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	
COMPONENTS OF FUND BALANCE:									
Reserve Fund	486,380	470,000	-	470,000	507,584				Reserve at Maximum \$470k
Surplus Fund	373,556	391,000	-	391,000	389,842			411,000	Fill to Max of \$530,500
Bond Payment Fund	200,152	153,804	13,340	167,144	259,072			65,436	Excess Funds on Hand with Trustee
Internal & Other Balances	620	-	-	-	-			-	
TOTAL ENDING FUND BALANCE	1,060,708	1,014,804	13,340	1,028,144	1,156,498		•	946,436	
	_								

Riverview Metropolitan District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes In Fund Balance

Modified Accrual Basis For the Period Indicated

Modified Accrual Basis For the Period Indicated									
	2023	2024	Variance		YTD Thru	YTD Thru	Variance	2025	
	Audited	Adopted	Positive	2024	10/31/24	10/31/24	Positive	Adopted	
	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Forecast	Actual	Budget	(Negative)	Budget	Budget Notes/Assumptions
CAPITAL FUND									
REVENUE									
Interest Income	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	
TOTAL REVENUE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accounting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Legal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Permits & Compliance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Engineering	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bank Fees	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contingency		-	-	-		-	-	-	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
REVENUE OVER / (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
OTHER SOURCES / (USES)									
Transfers In/(Out)	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Developer Advance		-	-	-		-	-	-	
Developer Repayment		-				-	-		
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES / (USES)	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	•	
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
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EXHIBIT B 2024 Audit

Riverview Metropolitan District

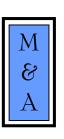
Financial Statements

December 31, 2024

Riverview Metropolitan District2024 Financial Statements December 31, 2024

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MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Riverview Metropolitan District Steamboat Springs, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Riverview Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Directors Riverview Metropolitan District Steamboat Springs, Colorado

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Board of Directors Riverview Metropolitan District Steamboat Springs, Colorado

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The individual fund budgetary comparison, found in Section E, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The item found in Section E are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Mc Mahan and Associates, L.L.C.
McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.

Avon, Colorado July 21, 2025



Riverview Metropolitan District Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Assets:	
Cash and investments	318,474
Restricted cash and investments	1,033,834
Due from County Treasurer	1,666
Property taxes receivable	256,622
Capital assets, net	1,852,185
Total Assets	3,462,781
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities due in less than one year:	
Accounts payable	7,687
Accrued interest	22,104
Non-current liabilities due in excess of one year:	
Bonds payable	5,660,734
Total Liabilities	5,690,525
Deferred Inflow of Resources:	
Property tax revenue	256,622
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	256,622
N	
Net Position:	(, - , -)
Net investment in capital assets	(2,774,715)
Restricted for debt service	1,034,834
Restricted for emergencies	4,430
Unrestricted	(748,915)
Total Net Position	(2,484,366)

Riverview Metropolitan District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

		F	Program Revenue	es	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs: Governmental activities:					
General government	971,599	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-	(971,599)
Interest	251,425	-	-	-	(251,425)
Total primary government	1,223,024	_	_		(1,223,024)
	General re	evenues:			
	Taxes:				
	Prope	erty tax			305,784
	Speci	fic ownership tax			18,729
	Interest	income			74,763
	Total G	eneral Revenues			399,276
	Change in	Net Position			(823,748)
	Net Position	on - Beginning			(1,660,618)
	Net Position	on - Ending			(2,484,366)



Riverview Metropolitan District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:			
Cash and investments	318,474	-	318,474
Restricted cash and investments	-	1,033,834	1,033,834
Due from County Treasurer	666	1,000	1,666
Property taxes receivable	102,649	153,973	256,622
Total Assets	421,789	1,188,807	1,610,596
Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources,			
and Fund Balances:			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	7,687	-	7,687
Total Liabilities	7,687		7,687
Deferred Inflow of Resources:			
Unavailable property tax revenue	102,649	153,973	256,622
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	102,649	153,973	256,622
Fund Balances:			
Restricted for debt service	-	1,034,834	1,034,834
Restricted for emergencies	4,430	-	4,430
Assigned for 2025 budget deficit	31,522	-	31,522
Assigned for capital projects	105,000	-	105,000
Unassigned	170,501	-	170,501
Total Fund Balances	311,453	1,034,834	1,346,287
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of			
Resources, and Fund Balances	421,789	1,188,807	1,610,596

Riverview Metropolitan District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

Governmental Funds Total Fund Balance		1,346,287
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered curr financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Details of these amounts are as follows:	rent	
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	1,884,417 (32,232)	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of District long-term liabilities. Details of these amounts are as follows:	е	1,852,185
Bonds payable	(5,305,000)	
Bond issuance premium	(355,734)	
Accrued interest payable	(22,104)	(5,682,838)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		(2,484,366)

Riverview Metropolitan District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Property and specific ownership taxes	132,367	192,146	324,513
Interest	15,288	59,475	74,763
Total Revenues	147,655	251,621	399,276
Expenditures:			
General government			
Accounting and audit fees	26,985	-	26,985
Insurance	3,997	-	3,997
Legal	23,923	-	23,923
Snow removal	12,983	-	12,983
Utilities	1,258	-	1,258
Treasurer's fees	3,756	5,442	9,198
Miscellaneous	3,132	2,803	5,935
Debt service			
Interest and fiscal charges	-	265,250	265,250
Paying agent fees		4,000	4,000
Total Expenditures	76,034	277,495	353,529
Net Change in Fund Balances	71,621	(25,874)	45,747
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year (Deficit)	239,832	1,060,708	1,300,540
Fund Balances - End of Year	311,453	1,034,834	1,346,287

Riverview Metropolitan District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

45,747 Net change in fund balances for total governmental funds Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of the assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the net difference between depreciation and capital additions during the year. Details of these differences are as follows: Depreciation expense (32,232)(32,232)The loss on the disposal of asset decreases net assets, but does not use current financial resources. (855,088)The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. This transaction, however, has no effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Amortization of bond premium 17,825 17,825

(823,748)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Riverview Metropolitan District (the "District") is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Service Plan approved by the City of Steamboat Springs, Colorado (the City) on October 22, 2017. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is an operating and financing district and is intended to provide funding for construction, operation, and maintenance of public improvements within the District boundaries.

The District has the power to provide street and roadway improvements, water, sanitation, safety protection improvements, park and recreation improvements, transportation, mosquito pest control, fire protection improvements, television relay and translation improvements, and other related improvements for the benefit of taxpayers and service users within the District's boundaries. The Service Plan anticipates the District will convey a portion of the constructed improvements to the City for ownership and maintenance.

The District has no employees, and all services are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the City.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the District, and (b) organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits, to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the District. Consideration is also given to other organizations which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the District. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria discussed above, the District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other government.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental type.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, all balances are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide focus is on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the payment of principal and interest on the District's long-term liabilities.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis

The governmental fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

3. Financial Statement Presentation

Amounts reported as program revenues include capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and interest income.

D. Financial Statement Accounts

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and equivalents are defined as deposits that can be withdrawn at any time without notice or penalty and investments with maturities of three months or less.

Investments are stated at fair value, net asset value, or amortized cost. The change in value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

2. Receivables

Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. There was no allowance as of December 31, 2024.

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the Board. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally, sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)

4. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium.

5. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Unavailable property tax revenue is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available and earned.

6. Fund Balance

Net position is reported in the governmental activities and is classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restrictions of net position represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted. As of December 31, 2024, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not spendable in form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the Board. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board.

Assigned – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District in its budget process. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund.

Unassigned - represents the residual classification for the District's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit.

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

In the fall of each year, the District's Board of Directors formally adopts a budget with appropriations by fund for the ensuing year pursuant to the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado. The budgets for the funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

As required by Colorado statutes, the District followed the following timetable in approving and enacting a budget for 2024:

- (1) For the 2024 budget year, prior to August 25, 2023, the County Assessor sent to the District the certified assessed valuation of all taxable property within the District's boundaries and prior to December 10, 2023, the County Assessor sent the final recertified assessed valuation to the District.
- (2) On or before October 15, 2023, the District's accountant submitted to the District's Board of Directors a recommended budget which detailed the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the District's operating requirements.
- (3) A public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program was held by the Board no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- (4) For the 2024 budget, prior to December 15, 2023, the District computed and certified to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that derived the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- (5) For the 2024 budget, the final budget and appropriating resolution was adopted prior to December 31, 2023.

Changes enacted by the Colorado Legislature delayed the Certification of County tax rolls. In November 2023, a short term property tax solution was passed during a special session, allowing Counties an extension to December 29, 2023 to provide final assessed valuations. The deadlines for the mill levy certifications was extended from December 15, 2023 to January 5, 2024. After adoption of the budget resolution, the District may make the following changes: a) it may transfer appropriated monies between funds or between spending agencies within a fund, as determined by the original appropriation level; b) it may approve supplemental appropriations to the extent of revenues in excess of the estimated in the budget; c) it may approve emergency appropriations; and d) it may reduce appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient.

Taxes levied in one year are collected in the succeeding year. Thus, taxes certified in 2023 were collected in 2024 and taxes certified in 2024 will be collected in 2025. Taxes are due on January 1st in the year of collection; however, they may be paid in either one installment (no later than April 30th) or two equal installments (not later than February 28th and June 15th) without interest or penalty. Taxes which are not paid within the prescribed time bear interest at the rate of one percent (1%) per month until paid. Unpaid amounts and the accrued interest thereon become delinquent on June 15th.

The level of control in the budget at which expenditures exceed appropriations is at the fund level. All appropriations lapse at year end.

B. TABOR Amendment

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

B. TABOR Amendment

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 2018, the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all annual District revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA") requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and World Bank securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- · Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools
- Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- Certain corporate bonds
- Certain securities lending agreements

Interest Rate Risk. The District limits its investments to savings accounts and investment pools (explained below) where each share is equal to one dollar and the District avoids interest rate risk.

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk. Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest including obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities; certain international agency securities; general obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities; bankers' acceptance of certain banks; commercial paper; local government investment pools; written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities; certain money market funds; and guaranteed investment contracts. The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule; prudence and protection of District funds are the primary criteria. All investments and bid requests for investments are predicated on liquidity, yield, safety and interest of the local economy.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District invests most fund in 2a7-like pools and thus avoids the concentration of credit risk.

	Standard		Term to	Maturity
	& Poors Rating	Carrying Amounts	Less than one year	More than one year
Deposits:				
Checking and savings	Not rated	15,355	15,355	-
Investments:				
Colotrust	AAAm	303,119	209,473	93,646
Csafe	AAAm	1,033,834	1,033,834	
		1,352,308	1,258,662	93,646
Consists of:				
Restricted		1,033,834		
Unrestricted		318,474		
		1,352,308		

Fair Value of Investments

The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At December 31, 2024, the District had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments Measured at Amortized Cost	Total
CSafe	1,033,834
Investments Measured at Net Asset Value	Total
Colotrust	303,119

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The investment pool Colotrust represents an investment in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (the "Trust") which is a 2a7-like pool. The Trust is an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund, measured at net asset value, and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. Substantially all securities owned are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank.

The investment pool in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) Cash Fund, which is an external investment pool established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating the pool. The external investment pool is measured at amortized cost. CSAFE operates similar to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The pool is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of the pool are limited to those allowed by State statutes.

B. Construction in Progress

An analysis of the changes of the District's construction in progress for the year ended December 31, 2024 follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	-	72,709	-	72,709
Construction in progress	2,739,505	-	2,739,505	-
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Roads	-	1,044,843	-	1,044,843
Landscaping & parks	-	766,865	-	766,865
Total capital assets	2,739,505	1,884,417	2,739,505	1,884,417

The District is expected to convey a portion of the construction in process to the City of Steamboat Springs (the "City") once the construction is complete. When the completed construction projects are conveyed, the District removes the cost of construction from its statement of net position. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the district conveyed \$855,088 to the City.

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

C. Long-term Obligations

The District had the following long-term debt outstanding during the fiscal year:

1. Developer Advances

On December 19, 2017 and as amended on May 17, 2021, the District entered into a funding and reimbursement agreement with RiverView-Yampa Development, LLC (the "Developer"), pursuant to which the Developer agreed to advance the District up to \$150,000 for eligible costs as defined by the District and shall be available to the District through December 31, 2021. The developer advances under the agreement carry interest at 6.5% per annum. During 2022 all advances and accrued interest balances were repaid.

2. Series 2021 Bonds

The District issued the 2021 Limited Tax General Refunding Bonds on June 24, 2021 for an amount of \$5,305,000. The proceeds of such debt are used for the purposes of refunding the Series 2018 Bonds in full on a current basis; funding the Reserve Fund; funding a portion of interest to accrue on the bonds; and paying the costs related to the issuance of the bonds.

The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District as well as mandatory redemption for excess funds in the Subordinate Bond Fund to be first applied to interest then principal in denominations of \$500,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000.

The bonds will mature on December 1, 2051 and bear interest at a rate of 5% payable to the extent of Pledged Revenue. Interest payments are due on December 1 of each year beginning on December 1, 2021.

The following summarizes the debt services requirements to maturity for the Series 2021 Bonds:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024		265,250	265,250
2025	-	265,250	265,250
2026	-	265,250	265,250
2027	35,000	265,250	300,250
2028	50,000	263,500	313,500
2029 - 2033	365,000	1,273,000	1,638,000
2034 - 2038	655,000	1,154,500	1,809,500
2039 - 2043	1,015,000	957,250	1,972,250
2044 - 2048	1,515,000	656,500	2,171,500
2049 - 2051	1,670,000	193,250	1,863,250
Total	5,305,000	5,559,000	10,864,000

3. Authorized but Unissued Debt

Based on the results of the 2017 election, the District has \$198,695,000 in authorized but unissued debt. The Service Plan for the District limits general obligation debt to \$17,000,000.

III. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)

C. Long-term Obligations (continued)

The District had the following changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Limited					
Tax Bonds:					
Series 2021	5,305,000	-	-	5,305,000	-
Bond premium	373,559	-	(17,825)	355,734	-
	5,678,559		(17,825)	5,660,734	

IV. Other Information

A. Related Parties

Some members of the Board are employees or are associated with RiverView Yampa Development, LLC, the developer within the District. Note III.C outlines developer advances transactions. All advances were repaid in 2022.

B. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the "Pool") as of December 31, 2024. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage during the past three years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability and public officials liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

The District's share in the Pool is not determinable from current information. The Pool has issued its own audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 the latest available data. The following summary information is presented:

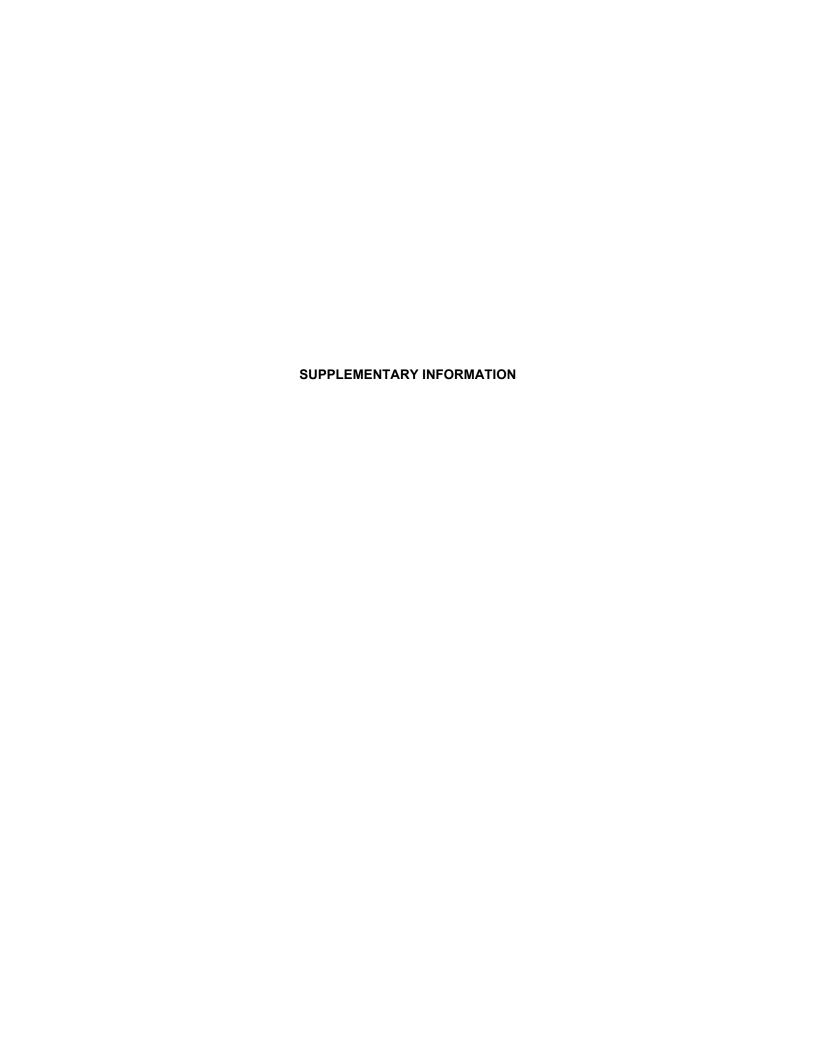
Admitted Assets	\$81,413,798
Liabilities	(58,670,068)
Surplus	22,743,730
Revenues	31,289,244
Expenses	(31,416,477)
Net Income	(127,233)
Change in nonadmitted assets	(226,569)



Riverview Metropolitan District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Governmental Funds - General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended 2023)

	2024			2023	
	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:					
Interest	12,600	15,288	2,688	5,530	
Property taxes	124,876	124,876	-	93,117	
Specific ownership taxes	7,235	7,491	256	6,531	
Total Revenues	144,711	147,655	2,944	105,178	
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Accounting and audit fees	30,400	26,985	3,415	25,845	
Insurance	4,200	3,997	203	4,305	
Legal	16,000	23,923	(7,923)	11,020	
Snow removal	16,000	12,983	3,017	11,812	
Utilities	10,000	1,258	8,742	1,060	
Landscape maintenance	16,000	- 0.750	16,000	-	
Treasurer's fees	3,618	3,756	(138)	2,828	
Miscellaneous	2,900	3,132	(232)	3,137	
Contingency	25,000	70.004	25,000		
Total Expenditures	124,118	76,034	48,084	60,007	
Net Change in Fund Balance	20,593	71,621	51,028	45,171	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	229,262	239,832	10,570	194,661	
Fund Balance - End of Year	249,855	311,453	61,598	239,832	



Riverview Metropolitan District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

Governmental Funds - Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2024 (With Comparative Actual Amounts For the Year Ended 2023)

	2024			2023	
	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues:					
Property taxes	180,908	180,908	-	139,676	
Specific ownership taxes	10,855	11,238	383	9,796	
Interest	53,000	59,475	6,475	60,297	
Total Revenues	244,763	251,621	6,858	209,769	
Expenditures: General government:					
Treasurer fees	5,427	5,442	(15)	4,243	
Miscellaneous	2,650	2,803	(1 5 3)	2,827	
Debt service:			,		
Interest and fiscal charges	265,250	265,250	-	265,250	
Paying agent fees	4,000	4,000	-	4,000	
Contingency	10,000	-	10,000		
Total Expenditures	287,327	277,495	9,832	276,320	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,564)	(25,874)	16,690	(66,551)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,057,368	1,060,708	3,340	1,127,259	
Fund Balance - Ending	1,014,804	1,034,834	20,030	1,060,708	